数学与系统科学研究院

计算数学所学术报告

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报告题目:

 On the binary Eisenberg-Noe model and its extension

 邀请人:
 戴彧虹研究员

 报告时间:
 2018 年 2 月 2 日 (周五)

 下午 16:00--17:00

 报告地点:
 数学院南楼N714 教室

 报告摘要:

In a financial network, the failure of a key institution can spill over to other institutions and even to the whole network. It is an important problem how to identify these key institutions.

We develop a conservative bankruptcy strategy assuming that banks in the network only have two status: bankrupt or totally solvent. Key institutions can be efficiently found out with bailout fund invested in a network under this assumption. Then the system risk management problem can be formulated into a mixed integer linear programming (MILP). In order to maximize the number of totally solvent banks, an \$L_0\$ term is added to the objective function, thus leading to a sparse MILP. We prove that this obtained sparse MILP is an NP-hard problem. We also give a series of greedy algorithms based on the contagious property of the market shock. Numerical results are presented to show the efficiency of the algorithms.