数学与系统科学研究院 计算数学所学术报告

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报告题目:

AnEfficientGauss-NewtonAlgorithm for Symmetric Low-RankProduct Matrix Approximations

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<u>报告地点</u>:科技综合楼三层 311 计算数学所报告厅

Abstract:

We derive and study a Gauss-Newton method for computing the low-rank product (SLRP) \$XX\zz\$, symmetric where **\$X** $in\R^{n\times k}$ for k<n, that is the closest approximation to a given symmetric matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n\times n}$ in Frobenius When A=B|zz B (or BB|zz), this problem essentially norm. reduces to finding a truncated singular value decomposition of **\$B\$.** Our Gauss-Newton method, which has a particularly simple form, shares the same order of iteration-complexity as a gradient method when \$k \ll n\$, but can be significantly faster on a wide range of problems. In this paper, we prove global convergence and a **\$Q\$-linear** convergence rate for this algorithm, and perform numerical experiments on various test problems, including those from recently active areas of matrix completion and robust principal component analysis. Numerical results show that the proposed algorithm is capable of providing considerable speed advantages over Krylov subspace methods on suitable application problems. Moreover, the algorithm possesses a higher degree of concurrency than Krylov subspace methods, thus offering better scalability on modern multi/many-core computers.

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